

# Secure Systems Groups

**Demo Day 2016**

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# **“State of the Union”**

# Who are we?

- Aalto University
  - 2 professors
  - 2 postdocs
  - Several PhD and MSc thesis students
  - Several interns
- University of Helsinki
  - 1 full-time + 1 part-time professor
  - 1 postdoc
  - 1 PhD student and several MSc thesis students

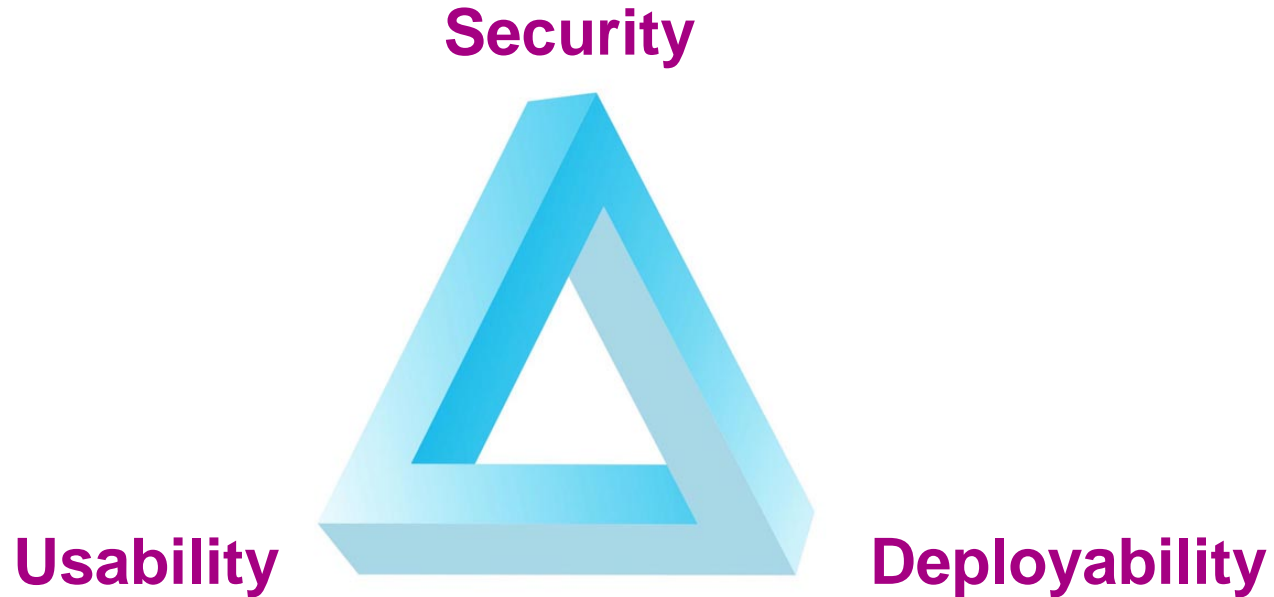
# How are we funded?

- Cyber Trust SHOK (Aalto & UH)
  - 2 Academy of Finland projects: ConSec (Aalto), CloSe (Aalto & UH)
  - Tekes project: Take5 (UH)
  - [Intel CRI for Secure Computing \(ICRI-SC\)](#) (Aalto & UH NODES)
  - Basic university funding (Aalto & UH)
  - Industry collaboration: NEC Labs (Aalto), Huawei (UH)
  - MATINE (Ministry of Defense) project (Aalto)
-


# What do we work on?

- (Mobile) Platform Security
  - Contextual Security
  - Cloud Security
  - New: Blockchains
  - 5G Security
  - Security Protocol Engineering
  - Network Security
  - Security for Ubiquitous Computing
-

# What do we work on?



# Where are we publishing?



Self evaluation:  
Good but room  
to improve

- Top-tier infosec venues: ACM CCS (2), NDSS (2)
  - Other top-tier venues: UbiComp, ICDCS, PerCom
  - Thematic venues: **IOT (best paper)**, Financial Crypto, TrustCom, TRUST
  - Industry exposure: BlackHat EU, **CeBIT (MAPPING app competition)**
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# What do we teach?

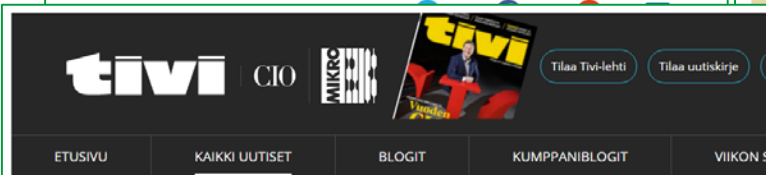
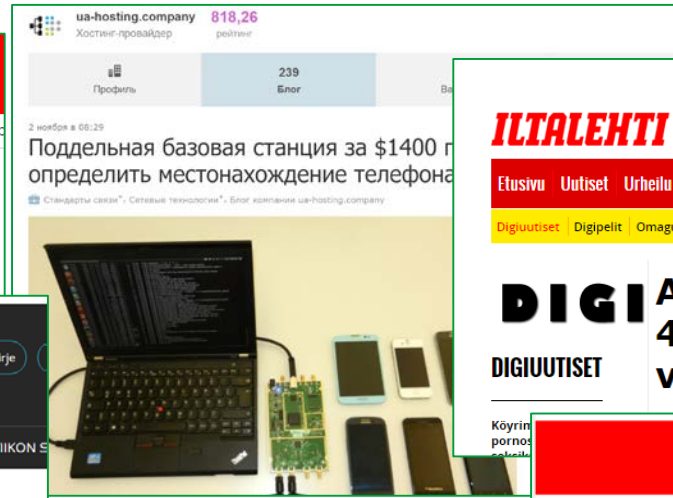
- Information Security courses
    - Bachelor level course on Information Security
    - MSc level courses on network security, mobile system security
    - Seminar and laboratory courses
    - Shared courses between Aalto and UH
  - Courses taught by industry experts
    - Reverse engineering Malware(F-Secure)
    - Software Security (Vähä-Sipilä)
  - Highest scoring courses in student feedback
-



# Industry Collaboration

- Industry-funded collaborative projects
    - [Intel](#), NEC Labs
  - Publicly-funded collaborative projects
    - Electrobit, Ericsson, F-Secure, Ministry of Defense, Nokia, nSense, Huawei, Trustonic
  - Other collaboration with industry sector
    - Trustonic, SSH
  - Collaboration with state sector
    - VTT, Väestörekisterikeskus
-

# Media coverage of our research



TIETOTURVA | Jori Virtanen 35.2. klo 15:27

## Helppo tietoturva voi olla vielä helpompi huijata - varo mitä käytät

Privacy and cookies Jobs Dating Offers Shop Puzzles Investor

## The Telegraph

Home Video News World Sport Finance Comment Culture Travel Life W  
Apple iPhone Technology News Technology Companies Technology Reviews Video G  
HOME > TECHNOLOGY > MOBILE PHONES

## WhatsApp and Facebook signals can be hacked to track your location

Hackers can monitor 4G mobile networks to detect users' location using  
supposedly anonymised identifiers

f 106 t 0 p 0 in 20 126 Email



Moral: upload your research to <http://arXiv.org>

# Demo Teasers

# Relay Resilient Zero-Effort Authentication

Can on-board devices alone be used for proximity assertion in theory and in practise?

- Attacker can **emulate proximity with high-speed link** between prover and verifier
  - Prevented by moving proximity verification to prover itself
- Prover maintains internal state or perceived events (left, right, walk, stationary, ...)
  - Participates in challenge-response protocol only if in appropriate state

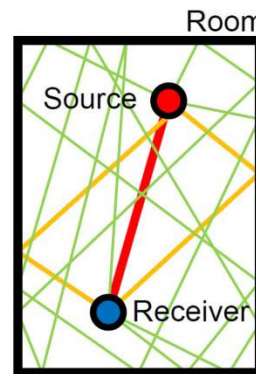
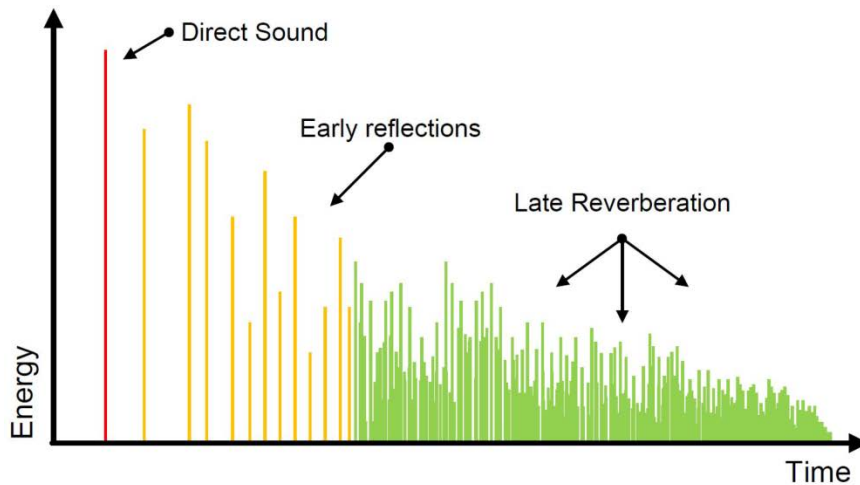


Asymmetric design ideal for IoT devices

# Co-presence detection using RIR

## Can RIR help thwart relay attacks in proximity-based authentication?

### Room Impulse Response (RIR)



### Solutions:

- 3 frequency domain features: RT60, Direct-to-Reverberation ratio, Echo
- Features on different freq. bands
- Automatic calibration

### Results:

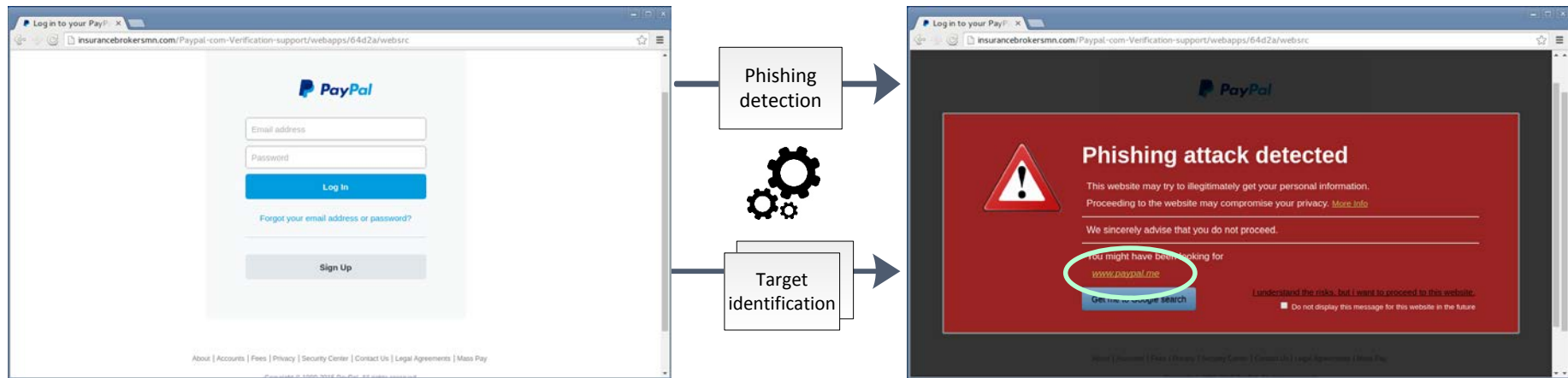
- Single device: >80% accuracy
- Multiple devices: better calibration for input signal loudness?

### Challenges of using RIRs in commodity devices:

- Unexpected effects: clipping, harmonic distortion
- Difference in frequency responses, loudness of mics/speakers

# Real-Time Client-Side Phishing Prevention Add-on

## How to efficiently detect phishing websites and steer users away from them?



- Resilient to adaptive attacks
- Language and brand independent
- Redirect to legitimate website
- High accuracy: 99 %
- Low FPR: 0.1 %
- Fast warning: 473 ms median time

# Risk Engine for User Behavior Analytics

How to control Internet transactions to protect enterprise assets while preserving usability?

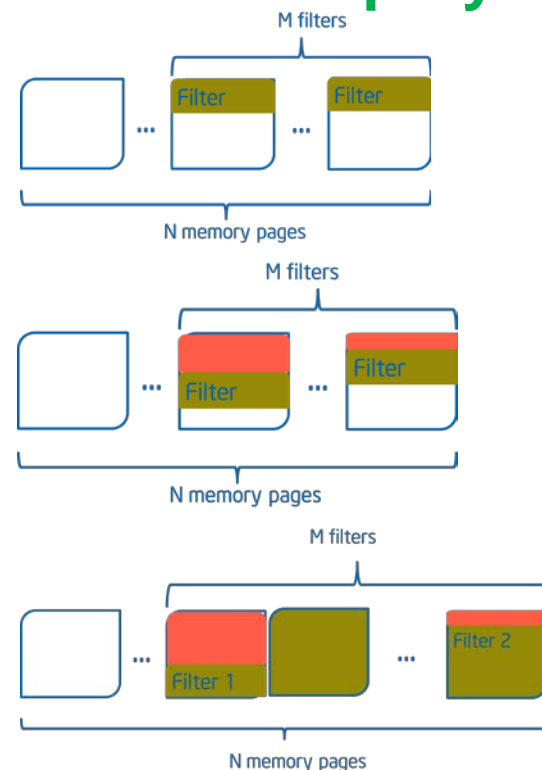
- Context-aware transaction authorization
- Analyze transaction sequence (e.g. intranet download + upload to cloud)
- Build user-specific transaction profile



# Randomization can't stop BPF JIT spray

## Is upstream Linux kernel still vulnerable to JIT spray?

- 2012: Berkeley Packet Filter (BPF) JIT spray
- Upstream Linux kernel fix has held till 2016 despite concerns
- We show that the fix is vulnerable to a new modified attack



### Impact:

- New patches scheduled for merge with upstream kernel
- Takeaway: fix causes, not symptoms



# SEAndroid policy analysis: SELint

## How to help OEMs improve their SEAndroid policies?

SEAndroid mandatory from 5.0:

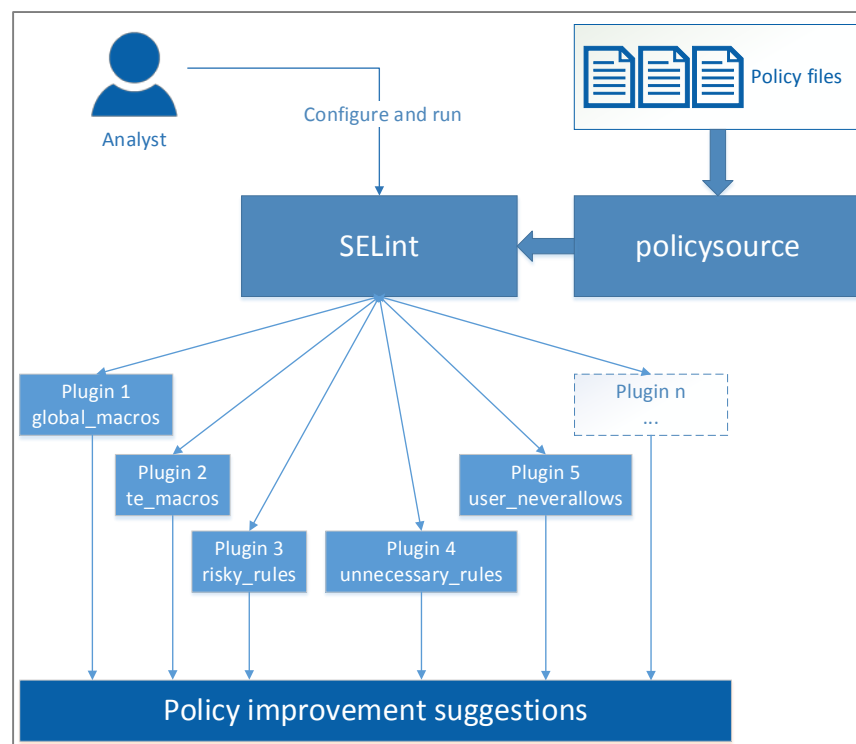
- OEMs make mistakes when writing policies (See <https://ssg.aalto.fi/projects/seal/>)
- Mistakes also due to **lack of tools**

Need for tools that can

- work with **source policy**
- be used **without expert knowledge**

Our proposal: **SELint**

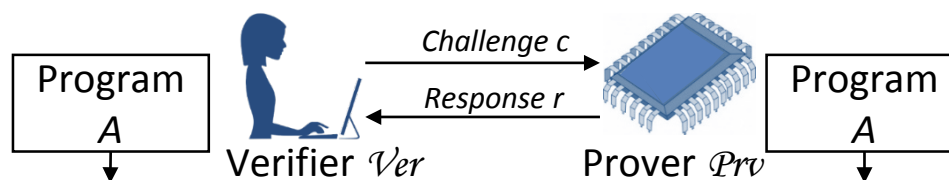
- Extensible: **plugins**
- Configurable



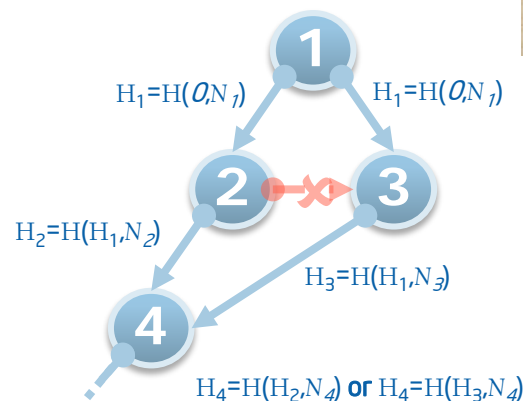
Use SELint to **simplify** and **speed up** analyst workflow

# C-FLAT: Control Flow Attestation of Embedded Systems Software

How can a trusted **verifier** learn about **run-time attacks** and the **dynamic behavior** of an **embedded device**?



```
① if (cond)
② then: ins_A
③ else: ins_B
④ ins_D
```



TrustZone-A PoC  
on Raspberry Pi 2

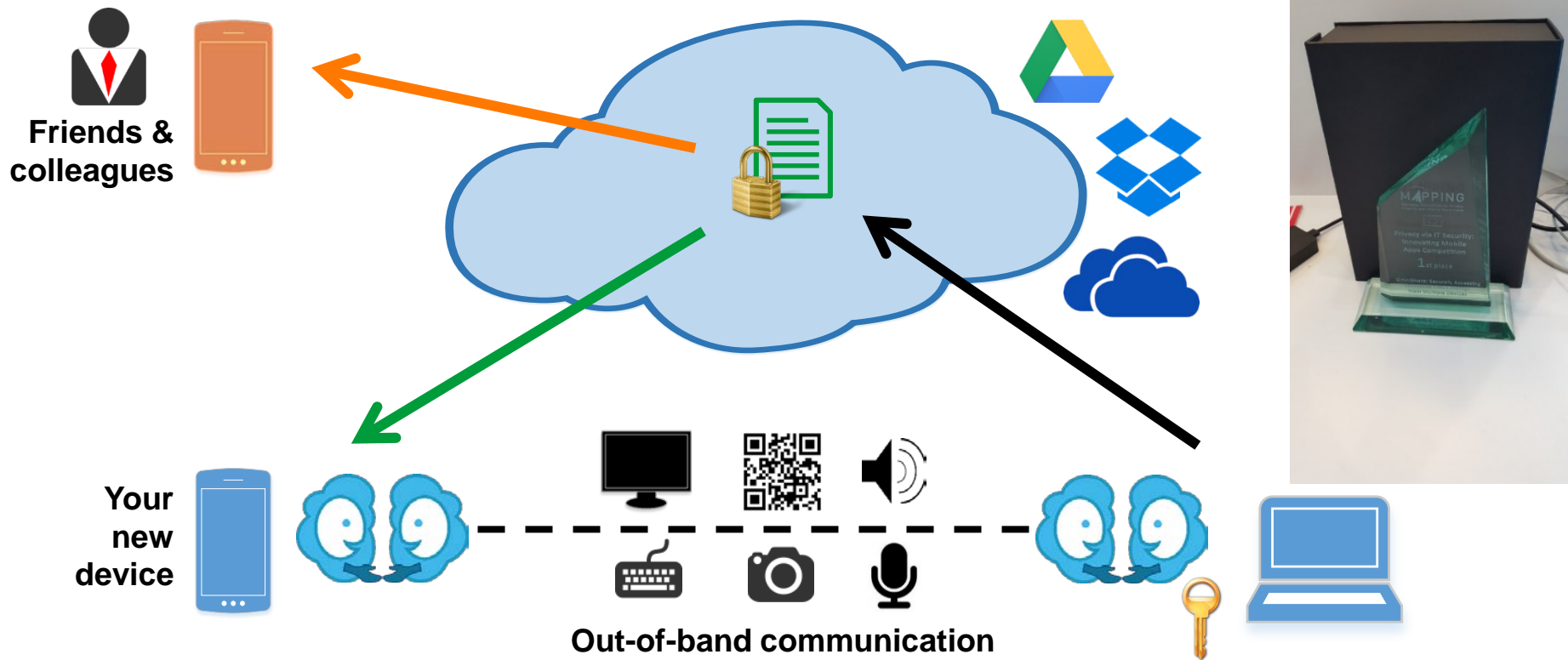
Novel attestation scheme for runtime behaviour

$Auth = H_4$

# OmniShare

Privacy via IT Security App  
Competition: 1<sup>st</sup> Prize  
CeBIT 2016

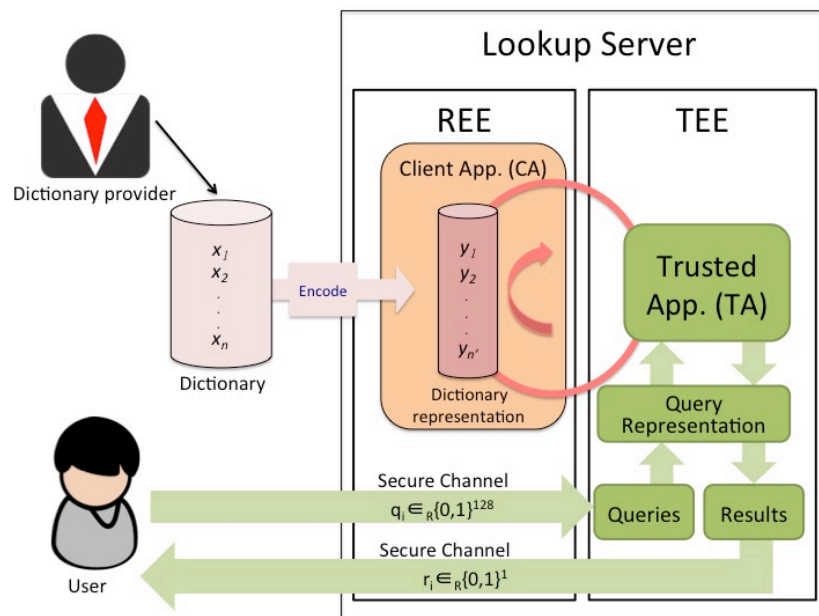
How can you share your data securely  
with anyone you like, anywhere you like?



# Scalable Private Membership Test Using Trusted Hardware

## ARM TrustZone and Intel SGX

How to design efficient yet privacy preserving membership test using trusted hardware, for a malware checking scenario?



- **Carousel approach** – continuously circle malware dictionary through trusted hardware
- Different **data structures** for efficient response computation
  - E.g. Sequence of Differences, Bloom filter, and Cuckoo hash
- **Carousel outperforms Path ORAM** (using Cuckoo hash)

- Supports ~67 million malware identifiers with  $< 2^{-10}$  false positive rate
- 1025 queries/sec on ARM TrustZone and 3720 queries/sec on Intel SGX

# Private Membership Test with Homomorphic Encryption

## How to look up a keyword in a cloud-hosted database without sacrificing privacy?

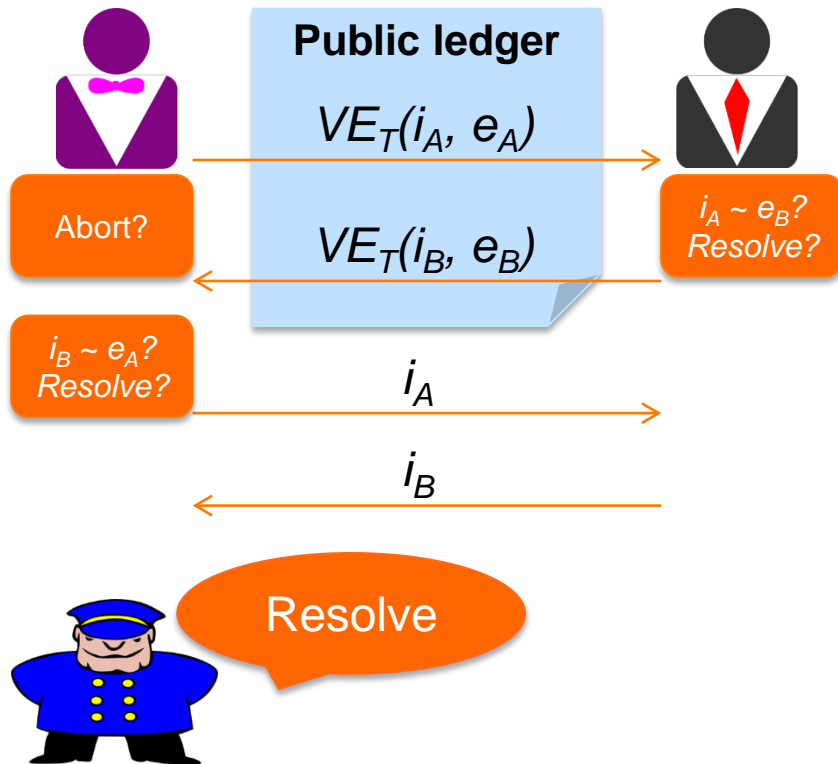
- Server maps items in the database into items of a matrix
- Client finds the matrix index corresponding to his/her query keyword and **encrypts** the index utilizing **Homomorphic Encryption**
- Homomorphic encryption allows server to search in the matrix without knowledge of client's keys
- Client **decrypts** the result and finds out whether index corresponds to an item in the matrix or not

After executing this protocol, the secrecy of both parties is preserved.

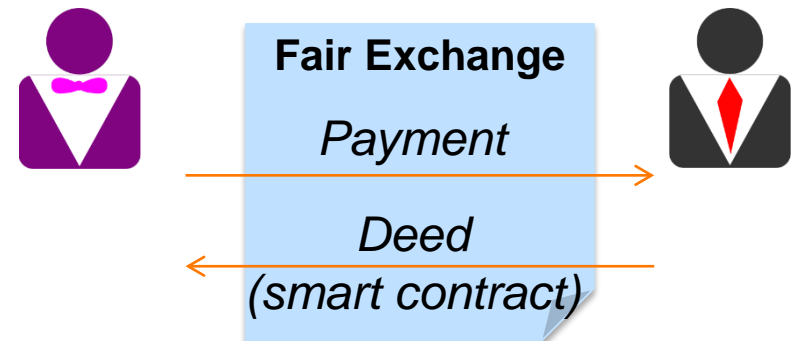
# Applications on Blockchain: Promise and Limits

## How can we use blockchains in new ways?

Improving **optimistic fair exchange** using a blockchain



Improving **timeliness** of cryptocurrency transactions



Jian Liu

# Java API for Trusted Execution Environments

## How can a Java developer use a GlobalPlatform-compliant Trusted Execution Environment?

Realizing GlobalPlatform TEE Client API in Java:

1. Full coverage of functionality;
2. Conforming to Java conventions;
3. Easy to use: no need for native code.

Prototype implementation using Open-TEE and OmniShare.

```
ret = TEEC_InitializeContext(&context, ...);
if( ret != TEEC_SUCCESS ) return ret;
ret = TEEC_OpenSession(&context, &session, ...);
operation.params[0].memref.parent = &shared_memory;
operation.params[1].value.a = a;
operation.params[1].value.b = b;
ret = TEEC_InvokeCommand(&session, CMD_DO_ENC, &operation,
&retOrigin);
```

GP TEE Client API example

```
try {
    ITEEClient.IContext context = client.initializeContext(...);
    ITEEClient.ISession session = context.openSession(...);
    ITEEClient.IValue value = client.newValue(a, b, ...);
    ITEEClient.IRegisteredMemoryReference rmr =
client.newRegisteredMemoryReference(shared_memory, ...);
    ITEEClient.IOperation operation = client.newOperation(rmr,
value);
    session.invokeCommand(CMD_DO_ENC, operation);
} catch (ITEEClientException e) retOrigin = e.getReturnOrigin();
```

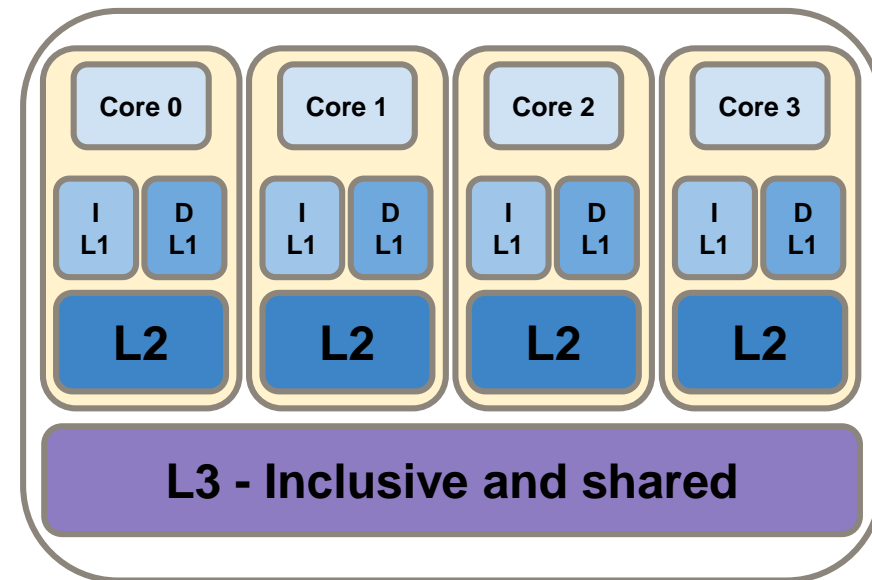
Java API example

Rui Yang

# Let Me CLFLUSH Your Cache: Cache-Timing Techniques

## What techniques are used for side-channel cache-timing attacks?

- Trace-driven techniques are powerful.
- Last-Level Cache is the new target.
- Techniques are adaptable to specific algorithms/scenarios.



Cache-timing attacks are a real threat.



# Stepping Stone Detection in Software Defined Networks

Proposal of an SDN+NFV based architecture that supports stepping stone detection

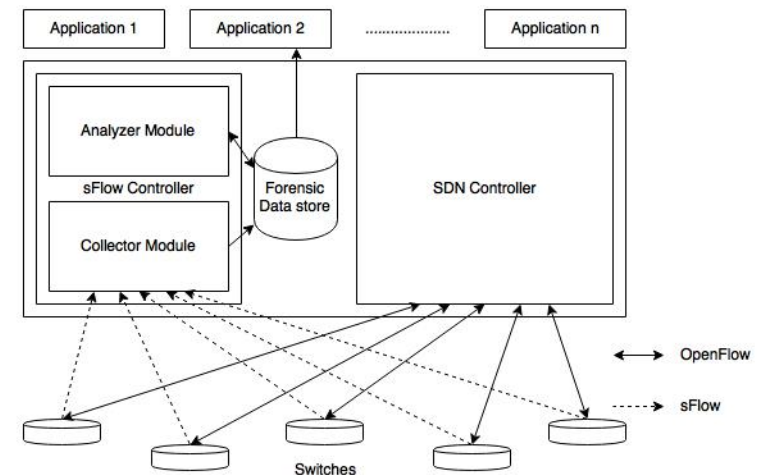


## Detection techniques based on

- Timing of packets, Content-size
- Anomaly-based detection techniques for jitter and chaff

## Proposed SDN-based Architecture

- sFlow enabled switches
- Collector and analyzer modules
- Forensic data store

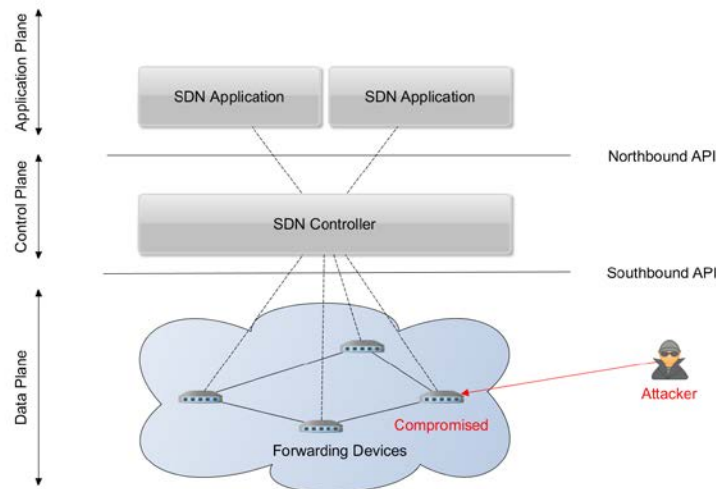


# Security Testing SDN Controllers

## Improve the software quality of open-source SDN controllers

- Fuzz testing
- Targets: OpenDaylight and ONOS SDN controllers
- Threat modeling

- Several vulnerabilities found

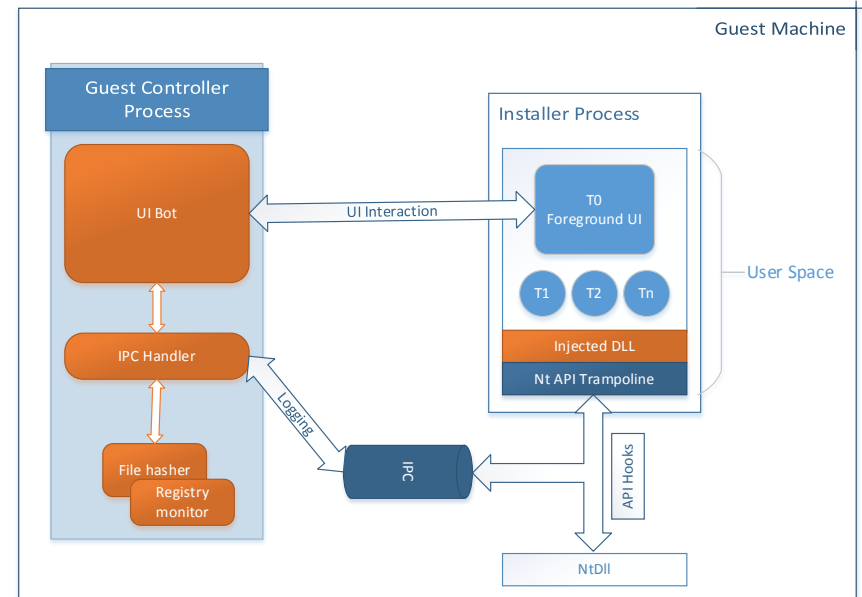


# Potentially Unwanted Programs

## How to automate PUP Installer analysis?

Freeware installers are notorious for bundling *potentially unwanted programs* (toolbars etc.) alongside with the applications they are expected to install.

- Automate interaction with installer UI
- Dynamic malware analysis techniques to track fs / registry changes
- Track back affected files to their network origin
- Virtualization/Metalization & Cloud support

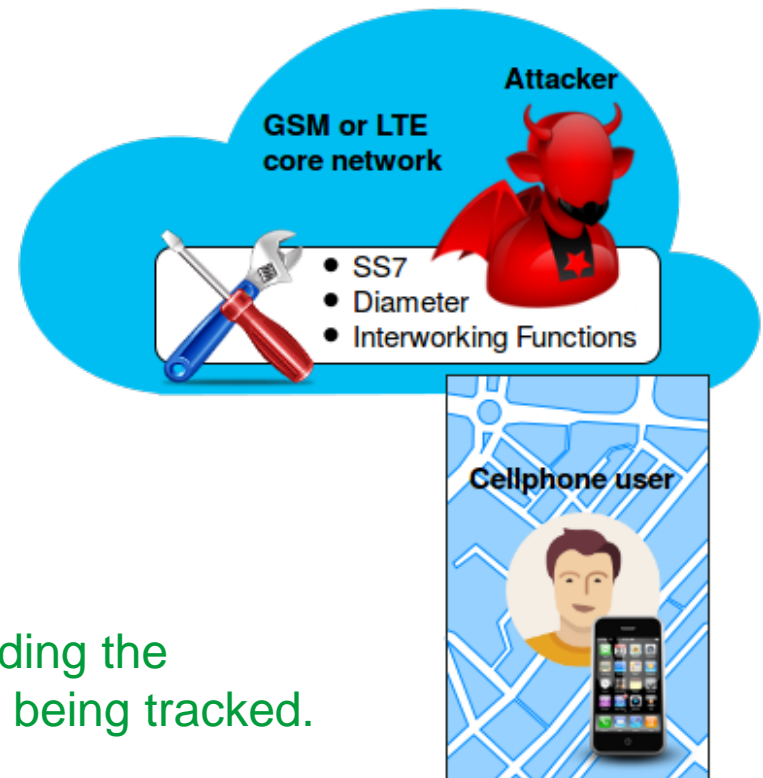


# Cellular location tracking attacks using signaling protocols

How accurately can attackers track your cellphone location?

- Attackers can misuse the signaling protocols (SS7) to track the location within 2G/GSM networks.
- Interoperability functionalities make 4G/LTE networks as vulnerable as their predecessors.
- Such methods have also been used for mass surveillance.

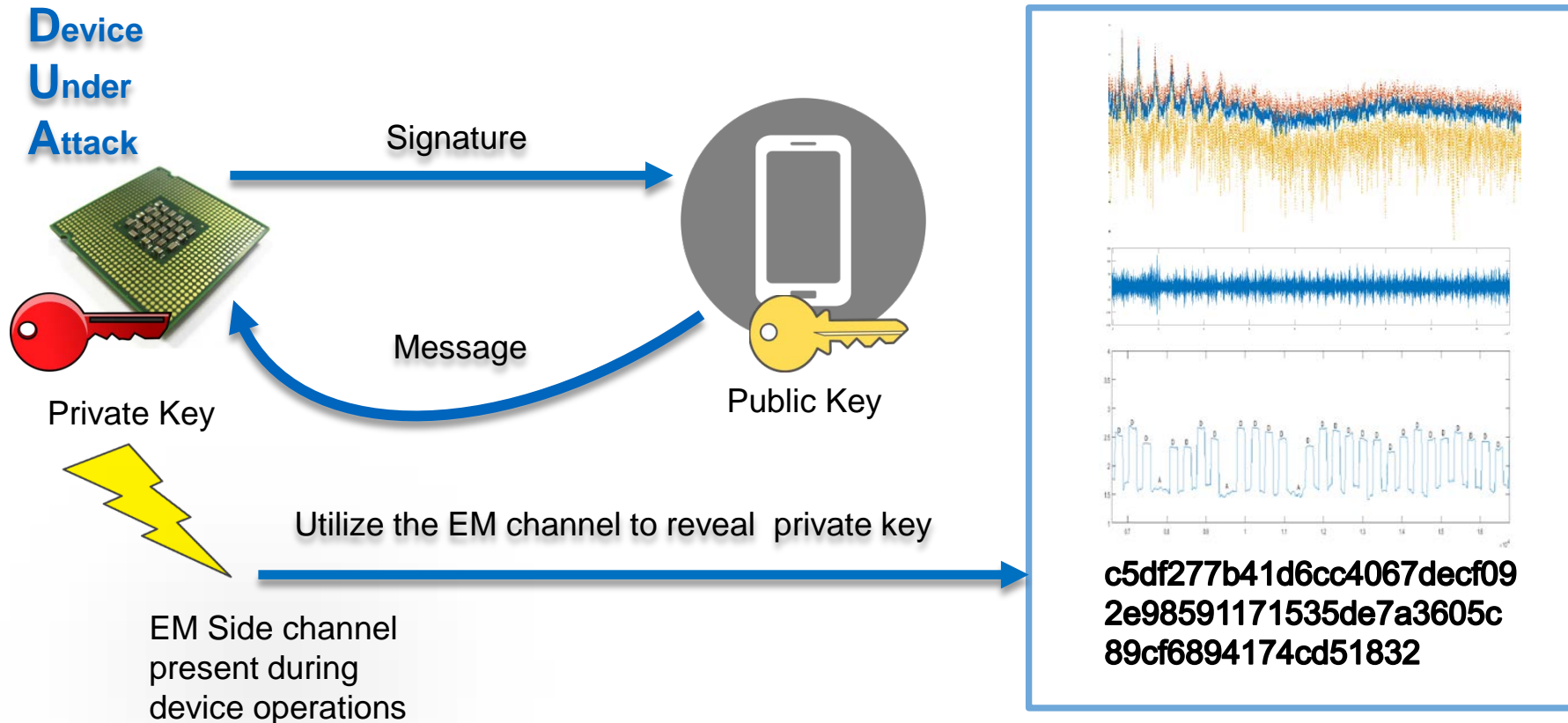
There is no way that the end-users (including the telecom experts) will realize that they are being tracked.



# Visitor Demos

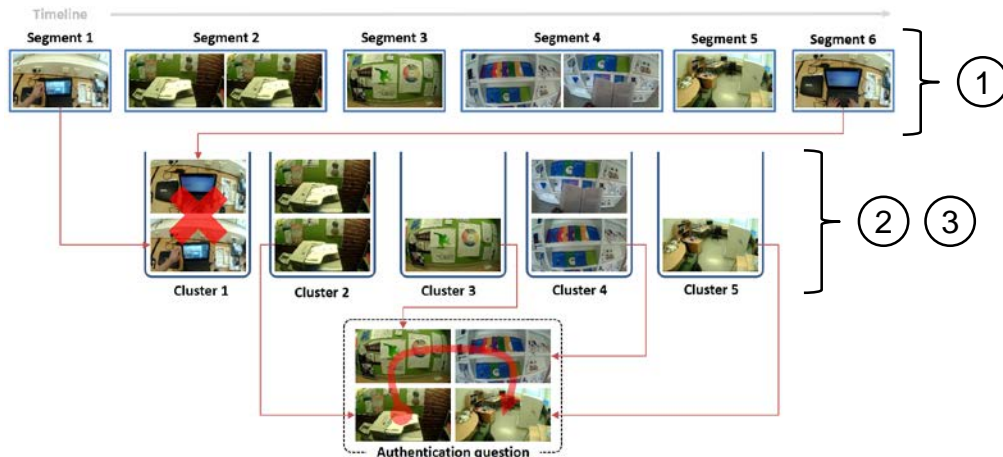
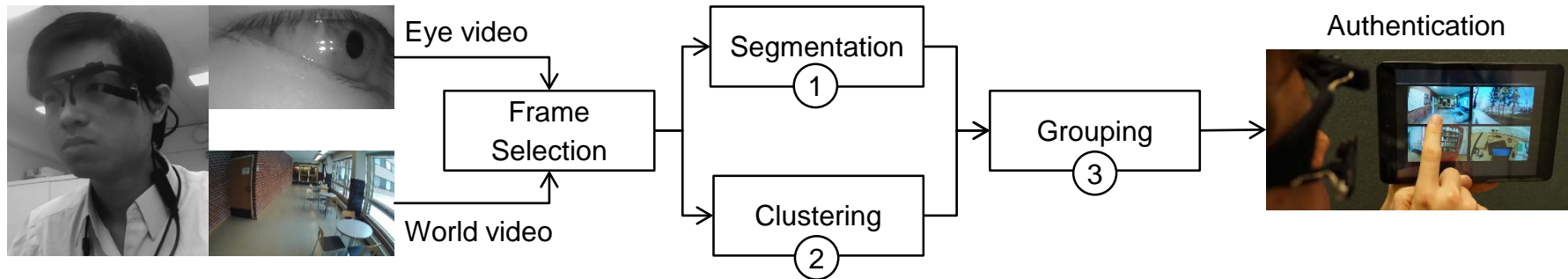
# EM Side Channel Analysis on Complex SoC Architectures

Can your device radiate secrets ?



# Authentication based on egocentric vision

## How to exploit egocentric videos to authenticate users?



- Authentication password: a set of images
- User authentication: re-arranging the images
- Selection criteria:
  - ✓ High memorability
  - ✓ Low popularity
- Temporal segmentation: discriminating scenes
- Clustering: removing repetitive scenes

The password is what you have seen



# Where do we go next?



- Secure Systems will continue at UH
  - Hien Truong continues as postdoc
  - I will be actively involved
  - UH will recruit a new professor for information security
- My wishlist
  - Aalto and UH Secure Systems groups work together
  - Courses in both universities open to both universities
  - Supervision across university boundaries
  - Industry collaboration to attract the best students





Thank you for coming!  
We appreciate your feedback.

Next:

Library:

Coffee served outside the library

13:15 – 16:00 Demos & Posters

15:00 Joint Aalto-UH announcement by Deans/Heads