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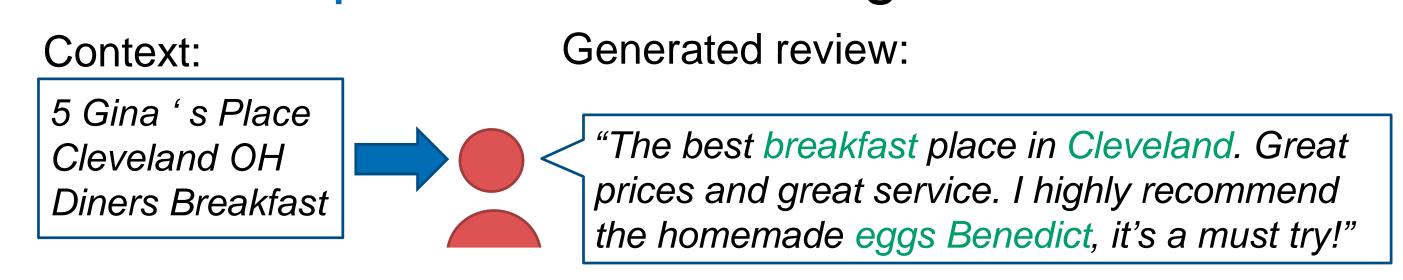
Stay On-Topic: Generating Context-specific Fake Restaurant Reviews

Automated crowd-turfing

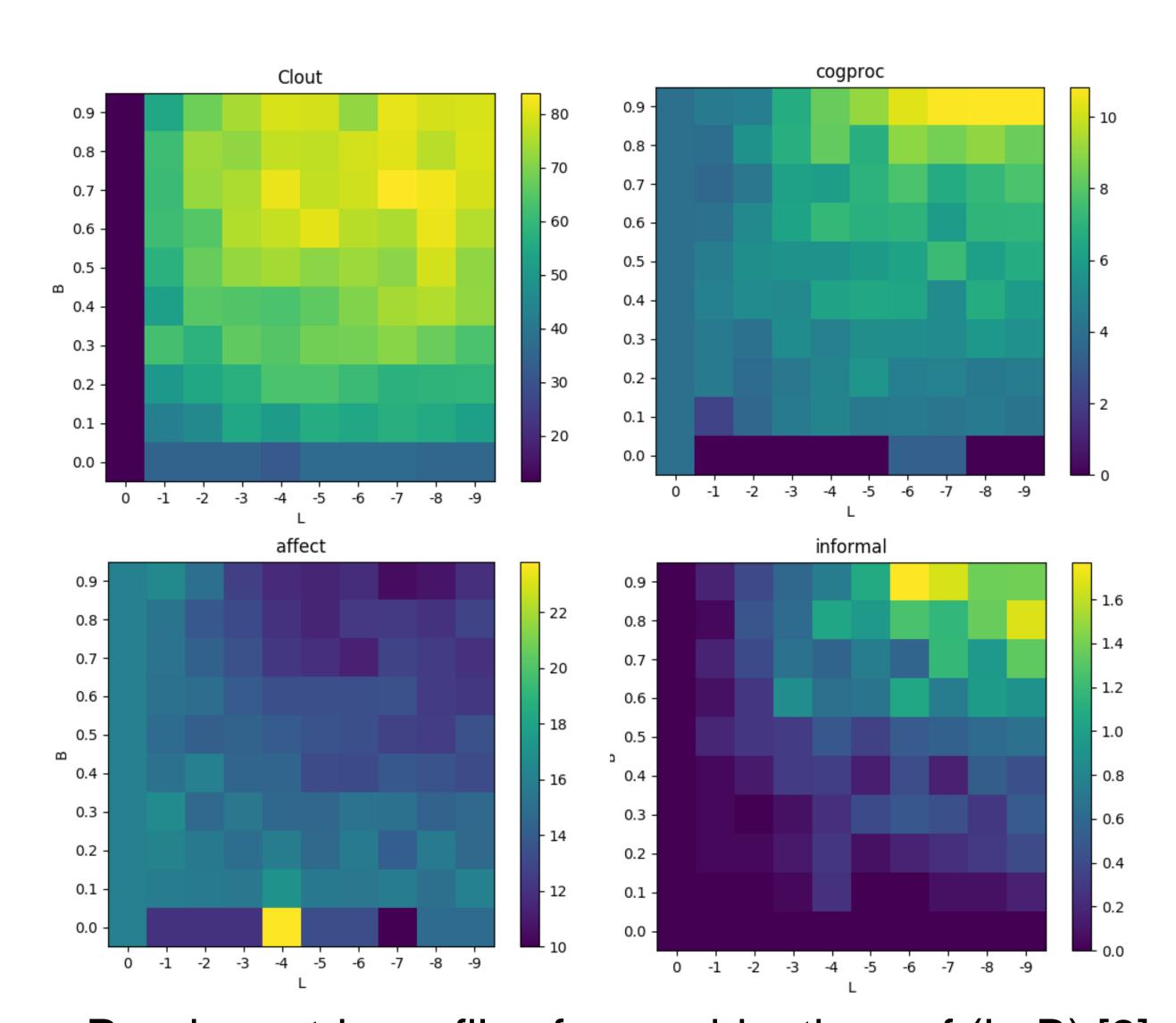
- Puppet master controls sock puppet accounts
- Puppet master dispatches positive / negative reviews to target to influence public opinion
- Advances in natural language processing
 Al-written reviews, humans not needed
- Previous approach, LSTM-Fake [1], cannot maintain context in reviews → detectable

Our approach: NMT-Fake*

- Libraries for neural machine translation (NMT) explicitly condition text generation on context
- Adversary can use these libraries to generate context-specific reviews? E.g.



Generation controlled with two parameters:
 B ~ proportion of novel words
 L ~ importance of using only novel words



Psychometric profiles for combinations of (L, B) [2]

User study

 Amazon mTurkers presented with 50% fake and 50% real reviews → parameter search for (L,B).

Native English mTurkers detection rate					
		Ш	IV	V	VI
45%	40%	55%	50%	57%	50%

- Some parameter combinations more detectable. Best combination (II) detected only 68/171 times
- Skeptical user study with expert participants, conditioned to fake reviews. Task: detect 4 machine-written reviews among 30 reviews.
- Skeptical users
 - as good as random: on average 0.8/4
 NMT-Fakes* detected
 - statistically worse at detecting NMT-Fakes* than LSTM-Fakes [1] (99% confidence)

How to deal with NMT-Fake*?

- Short term solution: AdaBoost-based detection:
 97% effectiveness (macro F1-score)
- Generalizability to other application areas?
- Risk of releasing large textual datasets?







Detected machine-generated reviews

Read the paper

"It was not called the Net of a Million Lies for nothing." [3]



- [1] Yao, Yuanshun, et al. Automated Crowdturfing Attacks and Defenses in Online Review Systems. CCS'17
- [2] Pennebaker, James W., et al. *The development and psychometric properties of LIWC2015*.
- [3] Vernor Vinge. A Fire Upon the Deep.